

Punctuation

Punctuation that your child will be using.

Punctuation	Definition	Example
Apostrophe	‘ Used to show where letters are missing in a spelling and to show possession	I'm going out. I won't be long. Hannah's mother went to town in Justin's car.
Comma	, Used to separate items in a list	To make a cake I will need butter, eggs, flour and sugar.
Question mark	?	What is your favourite colour?
Exclamation mark	!	Run as fast as you can!
Capital letter	ABCD Used at the beginning of sentences and when writing proper nouns.	She waved to her mum. Sarah waved to Michael.
Full stop	. Used at the end of sentences	The sun was shining today.

The National Curriculum

Grammar is the way in which words are put together to form proper sentences. It is part of our National Curriculum and the children are expected to know and be able to use the terminology as part of their everyday learning. We teach grammar through formal lessons as well as weaving it into all learning so that it is integral in all we do.

What to do if you are still confused!

If you are ever struggling with any of the content that comes home from school, please make an appointment to see your class teacher. We are here to help and working together will help your child's progress at school.

Useful websites

<https://www.theschoolrun.com/primary-grammar-glossary-for-parents>

<https://www.scholastic.com/parents/books-and-reading/raise-a-reader-blog/2-ways-to-help-kids-fall-love-grammar.html>

<https://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/for-home/grammar-punctuation-and-spelling-made-easy/>

Mytchett Primary School

A guide to grammar and punctuation for Year Two families

We know how daunting the grammar and punctuation in the National Curriculum can be. We hope that this guide will help you with some of the terminology that we use and comes home for Home Learning.

Thank you for your ongoing support



Mytchett Primary and Nursery School

...inspiring learners. caring about success.

Grammar

Grammar that your child will be using.

Grammar	Definition	Example
Suffix	A group of letters added to the end of a word to change its grammatical use.	Call-called Teach-teacher Fly-fly ing
Connectives	Used to join a new sentence to the previous	We went to the park and played on the swings. Then we had an ice cream.
Statement,	A statement is a sentence that tells you something.	A rainbow has seven colours.
Question	A sentence that asks something and ends in a question mark.	Are you having a picnic?

Exclamation	A sentence that shows a strong emotion or feeling and ends with an exclamation mark.	What a beautiful day!
Imperative	To express the action of a subject. Also known as a 'command'.	Sit down. Pick that up.
Present tense	Writing which expresses events happening now.	Sarah is skipping and singing a song. Tom is looking out of the car window.
Past tense	Writing which expresses events that have already occurred.	Sarah skipped and sang a song. Tom looked out of the car window.
Noun	Name of a person, place or thing.	The cat sat on the table .

Noun cont.	We focus on 4 types of noun: Common – table, cat Proper – John, England Collective – pride, gaggle, flock Abstract – love, bravery	John lives in England . Lions live together in a pride . Can you feel the love ?
Expanded Noun Phrase	Phrases used for description and to specify.	The blue butterfly.. ...plain flour
Adjective	A word that describes a noun.	The dog was enormous and very fierce .
Verb	An action or doing word. Some verbs are irregular – see – saw / seen catch - caught	She waited patiently. She has been waiting . She waits .

