



Ask Questions						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Demonstrate curiosity about the world around them.	Ask simple questions stimulated by their exploration of their world.	Ask simple questions about their experiences and observations and with support use these observations to suggest ways to discover an answer or solve a problem, recognising that some can be answered in a variety of ways.	Within a group, suggest relevant questions that can be explored further using different types of scientific enquiry.	Ask relevant questions that can be answered by the appropriate scientific enquiry, research or experiment.	Refine a scientific question so that it can be investigated, choosing an appropriate type of scientific enquiry to provide the best evidence.	Recognise scientific questions which do not yet have definitive answers and use a range of scientific enquiries to explore possible answers.
Making Prediction						
EYFS With support or prompting, talk about what they think might happen based on their own experiences.	Year 1 Respond to suggestions to connect what has been observed with possible further actions or observations.	Year 2 Use their observations and ideas to make predictions. Use understanding of what has been observed or own experience to predict outcomes of further actions or observations.	Year 3 Use straightforward scientific evidence to make predictions. With support, use results, observations or own experience to prompt new questions and predictions for a further test.	Year 4 Use straightforward scientific evidence to make further predictions. Use results to make predictions for new values and raise further questions.	Year 5 Recognise when scientific evidence supports an idea or not and use this to support predictions. Use test results to prompt new questions and make predictions for setting up further tests.	Year 6 Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments and use this to support predictions. Use test results to make predictions for setting up further comparative and fair tests.





EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Respond to prompts to say what happened to objects, living things or events.	Perform simple tests to explore a question or idea suggested to them, with support.	Identify things to measure or observe that are relevant to the questions or ideas they are investigating using a simple test. Suggest a practical way of how to find things out, or collect data to answer a question or idea they are investigating.	Plan and carry out simple practical enquires, comparative and fair tests relevant to the questions or ideas they are investigating, with support.	Plan and carry out simple practical enquires, comparative and fair tests relevant to the questions or ideas they are investigating. Identify one or more control variables from those provided when conducting a fair test.	Plan enquiries, deciding when it is appropriate to carry out a fair test or another type of practical enquiry from a range suggested. Identify one or more control variables in investigations when conducting a fair test.	Recognise significant variables in investigations, selecting the most suitable to investigate. Controlling variables where appropriate. Recognise which type of practical enquiry is most appropriate to the question or idea being investigated, before planning and carrying out the enquiry.
Take measuremer						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Use senses and simple equipment to explore the world around them, e.g. binoculars and magnifying glasses.	Observe objects, living things, events and the world around them closely, using their senses and simple equipment. Make measurements using nonstandard units of measure.	Observe closely and use equipment provided for observation and measuring correctly. Make measurements using non-standard and standard units of measure.	Use a range of equipment for measuring and observing, including thermometers and data loggers. Take simple, accurate measurements and/or careful observations using whole number standard units relevant to questions or ideas under investigation.	Make systematic and careful observations of objects, living things and events. Choose from a range of provided, appropriate equipment for measuring and observing, including thermometers and data loggers. Take accurate measurements using more complex standard units and parts of units.	Take measurements using a range of scientific equipment with increasing accuracy and precision, identifying the ranges and intervals used. With support, recognise that some measurements and observations may need to be repeated.	Correctly choose and use appropriate equipment to support observation and data collection with increasing accuracy. Decide whether it is appropriate to repeat observations or measurements and explain how this impacts on data collection.





Record data						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Talk to an adult about	Present evidence they	Gather and record data	Gather and present	Gather and present	Select appropriate ways	Decide on the most
what has been	have collected in simple	in appropriate ways with	evidence and data using	simple scientific data in a	of gathering and	appropriate formats to
found/found out.	templates provided for	increasing independence	simple scientific	variety of ways as Year 3,	presenting scientific data	present sets of scientific
	them to help in	to help in answering	language and vocabulary	including tables and bar	through models, writing,	data, such as using line
	answering questions.	questions.	as writing, drawings,	charts where intervals	drawings, displays,	graphs for continuous
			labelled diagrams and	and ranges are agreed	computing, tables or	variables.
	Draw or photograph		displays and through	through discussion, to	graphs (choosing	
	evidence and label with		computing, keys, bar	help in answering	appropriate ranges and	Record data and results
	support.		charts or tables (using	questions.	intervals).	of increasing complexity
			ranges and intervals			using scientific diagrams
			chosen for them), to		Use correct scientific	and labels, classification
			help in answering		symbols where	keys, tables, scatter
			questions.		appropriate in recording.	graphs, bar and line
						graphs.
Present data						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Talk to an adult about	Present findings in	Report on and record	Report on findings from	Report on findings from	Present findings in	Report and present
what has been	simple templates	findings as drawings,	enquiries, including oral	enquiries, including oral	written form, displays	findings from enquiries,
found/found out.	provided for them or	photographs, labelled	and written	and written	and other presentations	including conclusions,
	orally.	diagrams, orally, as	explanations, displays or	explanations, displays or	including orally,	causal relationships and
		displays or in simple	presentations of results	presentations of results	explaining results and	explanations of results in
	Draw or photograph	prepared tables or	and conclusions with	and conclusions.	conclusions drawn from	oral and written form,
	evidence and label with	charts.	support/as a group.		results.	such as displays and
	support			Record findings using		other presentations.
			Record findings using	simple scientific	Identify causal	
			simple scientific	language, drawings,	relationships in reporting	
			language, drawings,	labelled diagrams, keys,	outcomes where	
			labelled diagrams, bar	bar charts and tables.	appropriate.	
			charts and tables with			
			support/as a group.			
Answer questions		1	Γ	Γ	Γ	ſ
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
With support, explain	Respond to suggestions	Use understanding of	Use straightforward	Use results to answer	Use results to answer	Use results to answer
why some things occur.	to connect what has	what has been observed	scientific evidence and	questions.	questions.	questions.
	been observed with	or own experience/ideas	results of enquiries to			
	possible further actions	to answer questions.	answer questions.			
	or observations.					





Drawing Conclusio	ons					
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
With support, talk about what they have found out or what they think might happen next/ change based on their own experiences.	Use their ideas to suggest answers to questions. Say what has changed when observing objects, living things or events.	Respond to suggestions to identify some evidence needed to answer a question.	Say whether what happened was what they expected, acknowledging any unexpected outcomes.	Identify and use straightforward scientific evidence to support and explain their findings.	Recognise when scientific evidence is for or against an argument.	Provide straightforward explanations for differences in repeated measurements or observations.
Evaluate their enq		I	I	Γ	Γ	Γ
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3 Use results of enquiries	Year 4 Use results to suggest	Year 5 Recognise that the test	Year 6 Compare their results
			to consider whether they meet predictions and explain why.	improvements.	may need improvements to improve reliability.	with others and give reasons why they may be different.
Vocabulary						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Child Vocabulary: Questions, answers, equip record, results, sort, group compare, describe, Collect different/ces, beaker, egg measure, metre stick. Adult Vocabulary: Collect Evidence, Data, Table, Cha Classify, Identify Observe changes of time Notice patterns Notice relationships Secondary sources Hand lenses Communicate	o, test, explore, observe, t, similar/ities, timers, ruler, tape	Vocabulary as Yr 1 plus: Chart, Table Pictogram, Tally chart Block diagram / graph Order, Notice patterns Link ideas Stop watch, Pipette Syringe Use comparatives – hotter/cooler, older/younger etc Adult Vocabulary: Gather, Evidence Data, Venn diagram Identify, Classify, Rank Notice relationships	Vocabulary as KS1 plus: Scientific enquiry Similarities/Differences Observations, Keys Bar charts, Thermometer Data logger Changes over time Identify, Classify Evidence, Conclusion Prediction Comparative tests Fair test, Present Data, Results Support/Not support Adult Vocabulary: Systematic, Accurate Disprove Notice relationships	Vocabulary as previous plus: Increase Decrease Accurate Appearance Adult Vocabulary: Notice relationships Systematic Disprove	Vocabulary as previous plus: Opinion/Fact Variables Independent variable Dependent variable Controlled variable Precision Classification keys Scatter graphs Line graphs Adult Vocabulary: Notice relationships Support Degree of trust Causal relationships Refute	Vocabulary as previous plus: systematic Causal relationships Refute Degree of trust opinion/fact confidently name scientific enquiry types